## CLEAN COPY OF CLAIMS AS FILED - OZ 49248

- Soil-applied CR granules obtainable by applying an active-ingredient-comprising coating to a solid carrier in a fluidized bed with a defined heat input adjustable to 6000 to 25,000 KJ/KG of coating polymer.
- Soil-applied CR granules as claimed in claim 1 with an active-ingredient-comprising coating of
  - 0.1–25% by weight of one or more active ingredients
  - 1–40% by weight of one or more coating polymers
  - 0-60% by weight of one or more additives, the total of the % by weight of the compounds in the coating being 100% by weight.
- 3. Soil-applied CR granules as claimed in claim 2 comprising, as coating polymer, a dispersion from amongst the following groups: butyl acrylate/styrene copolymers, copolymer dispersions of acrylic and methacrylic esters, polyethylene wax emulsions, polyesters composed of the following units: 50 mol% dimethyl terephthalate + approx. 50 mol% adipic acid + 150 mol% 1,4—butanediol + trace elements, mixture of 10-95% polyvinyl acetate + 5–90%
  N–vinylpyrrolidone–comprising polymers, ethylene/methacrylic acid zinc salt.
- 4. Soil-applied CR granules as claimed in claim 3 comprising, as coating polymer, at least one from amongst the group of the biodegradable polyesters.

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5. Soil-applied CR granules as claimed in claim 1 comprising, as active ingredient, at least one fungicidal compound of the formula I from amongst the class of the strobilurins.

$$H_3C$$
 $T$ 
 $Z$ 

in which the substituents have the following meanings:

- A is NOCH<sub>3</sub>, CHOCH<sub>3</sub>, CHCH<sub>3</sub>;
- Y is O, NH;
- T is oxygen or oxymethylene;
- Z is a group X,  $N=C(R^1)W$  or  $N=C(R^1)-C(R^2)=NOR^3$ ;
- X is unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclyl, unsubstituted or substituted aryl, unsubstituted or substituted heteryl;
- W is unsubstituted or substituted alkyl, unsubstituted or substituted alkenyl, unsubstituted or substituted alkynyl, unsubstituted or substituted cycloalkyl,

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unsubstituted or substituted cycloalkenyl, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclyl, unsubstituted or substituted aryl or unsubstituted or substituted heteryl;

- R<sup>1</sup> is hydrogen, cyano,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -cycloalkyl;
- R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, cyano, halogen, C(R<sup>d</sup>)=NOR<sup>3</sup> or W, OW, SW or NR<sup>c</sup>W, where
- R<sup>c</sup> is hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl or alkynyl;
- R<sup>d</sup> is hydrogen or alkyl;
- R<sup>3</sup> is hydrogen, unsubstituted or substituted alkyl, unsubstituted or substituted alkenyl or unsubstituted or substituted alkynyl,

or a salt thereof.

- 6. Soil-applied CR granules as claimed in claim 1, comprising an active ingredient from the group of the systemically acting strobilurins, the azoles or the salicylates.
- 7. Soil-applied CR granules as claimed in claim 1, comprising, as active ingredient, S-methyl benzo[1,2,3]thiadiazole-7-carbothioate.
- 8. Soil-applied CR granules as claimed in claim 1, comprising, as carrier, water-soluble, water-insoluble or biodegradable granules.
- 9. A process for the preparation of Soil-applied CR granules as claimed in claim 1, which comprises applying, to a carrier, first the active ingredient and then the coating comprising at least one coating polymer and, if appropriate additives in a fluidized bed, micropores being generated in the coating by abrasion or by the

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directed addition of water-soluble additives (lime, starch).

10. A method for controlling phytopathogenic fungi, undesired vegetation, undesired attack by insects and/or for regulating the growth of plants, which comprises allowing Soil-applied CR granules as claimed in claim 1 to act on plants, their environment or on seed.